Cairngorms Nature Action Plan 2019 2020 - Monitoring report

Report Date	October 2022	Plan Period	Feb 2019 – March 2024
Report Author	Matthew Hawkins	Plan period lapsed	44/60 months

Activity summary – for this reporting period

Actions

A number of action are unreported such as Raptors which were previously red. However raptors will be discussed in this month's meeting. Peatland has now been updated and the red actions are now green.

There has been an increase of actions with Amber status. This is principally due to CNPA staff resources not being available. Woodland on farms will be included within HH farm project, however there is no certainty that this will deliver.

Delivery of capercaillie actions was red and is now amber.

Actions	Landscape Scale Conservation	Priority Species	Involving People	Delivery and Monitoring	All Actions
Action					
Category					
Unreported	0	7	1	0	8
Red	0	1	0	0	1
Amber	2	5	1	0	8
Green	19	30	10	5	64
Not yet started	0	0	0	1	1
Total Actions	21	43	12	6	82

Amber and red Actions

Action	Summary of progress and Issues	Status	
Landscape scale Conservation			
	ECMP estates are developing a new action plan which will address this. Due to be finalised & agreed in autumn 2022		
Nature Friendly Farming Work with farmers, crofters and agents to encourage integrated woodland development on farms for ecological and economic benefit	Woodland is being discussed with participating farms within HH work but no commitments will be known until 2023		

Species		
Raptors	Raptors not reported but see paper for October meeting Item was	
Identify unoccupied golden eagle, hen harrier and peregrine territories and work with land managers to carry out positive management that will encourage re-colonisation	red in April 2021	
Develop and deliver wildlife	No progress on this action	
tourism opportunities that		
benefit local businesses and promote the National Park as		
an example of raptor		
conservation success		
Capercaillie	Key drivers of decline identified as disturbance, predation, abitat management and fence strike. Work underway to roll out solutins to disturbance, ence striek and abitat manaement. Solutions to predator management still in early development	
Capercaillie	A request has been made to NLHF to extend the Cairngorms Capercaillie Project's grant expiry date from 30 July 2023 to 30 January 2024 so that work delayed by the pandemic can be completed and a firm legacy secured that contributes to the CNAP's commitments to capercaillie conservation. Work coming up for the project includes producing a community-led action plan working with the dog walking community in Badenoch and Strathspey, as well as ongoing work developing and delivering community-led action with 5 other communities of place and interest (visitors, businesses, mountain bikers, Deeside and Carrbridge).	
Woodants	Mapping and continued surveying work halted temporarily. Resumed pending on CNPA staff resources.	
Pinewood Mason Bee	Mapping and continued surveying work halted temporarily. Resumed pending on CNPA staff resources.	
Marsh Saxifrage	No progress. There remains a need to survey suitable habitat particularly in the west of the national park. Recruitment of voluntary surveyors is a barrier to completion. 3 field seasons would be sufficient to carry out targeted surveys in the Monadhliath mountains.	
Involving People		
Provide training for land	Training still planned however delivery stalled due to lack of staff	
managers in approaches to	time available.	

engaging communities in land management decision making and involvement

Risks and Issues

Risk / Issue	Likelihood	Impact	Mitigation	Lead	Status
Unable to delivery plan targets	medium	Failure to deliver on the plan outcomes	Monitoring progress, especially at half way point and reprioritisation of available resources	CNSG	
Actions not completed	medium	Unable to deliver targets	Monitoring progress, especially at half way point and reprioritisation of available resources Action lead supported CNSG		
New conservation priorities emerge	low	New situations arise (effects of climate change, social, economic or political drivers). Leading to a diversion of resources from existing projects and actions	Reassessment of planned outcomes and targets may be required	CNSG	
Change in Nature conservation legislation due to leaving EU	low	Possible changes to protection status requiring a changing focus on delivery.	This will be considered if the issue arises but likely to include action plans for specific species.	NS	
Project delays due to Covid 19 pandemic	High	Failed or delayed project delivery preventing outcomes and targets to be achieved.	Several projects have been affected and most have been brought back on track with additional action and effort.	CNPA/CNSG	
National recession lead to wide spread reduction in delivery budgets	High	Reduced resources available to existing and planned projects	Budgets will have to be reviewed as they are announced and re prioritising action delivery accordingly.	CNSG	
Stakeholder communication/ relationship issues	medium	May lead to confusion on outcomes and delivery partners.	Awareness of issues and bringing partners together to discuss matters.	CNPA	
Communication on purpose and outcomes of the plan	low	Could lead to the reduction in priority for nature conservation	Maintaining the presence of the plan though social media and partners corporate planning.	CNPA, Stakeholder and partners.	