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27



75%

employed in estates in the sector the region

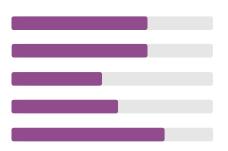
of Cairngorms privately owned

The way land is managed in the National Park is changing but attitudes to this vary significantly amongst land managers themselves.

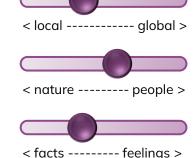
There is a growing trend towards nature restoration activity, including green finance and rewilding initiatives, whereas traditional landowners can be more resistant to change. That said, their sense of responsibility and care for the land provide a real opportunity for collaboration if our approach is right.

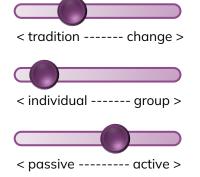
Motivations <

Achievement / satisfaction
Financial, eg incentives
Recognition or status
Social or community
The work itself



Attitudes <





-segments <

- Sporting estates
- Rewilders / private finance
- NGOs and public agencies
- Smallholdings / farmers / crofters
- Community ownership







specialist publications



local paper and radio

Land managers

Have a powerful connection to the land and a strong belief in the positive benefits of their work for nature and people. Often multi-generational, especially in farming.

Comms channels





52% disagreed with our Park Plan targets for Nature



Concerns over the financial impact of land use change



Feel we listen to scientists more than landowners



Sense of common goals and purpose established

Where we want to be <

Opportunities <



More green jobs bringing greater job security for land managers



Consensus found between different land manager types

"We've tried a couple of new approaches and are starting to see long-term financial gains that also benefit the planet."

"People who don't understand the countryside are asking us to change but where is the evidence and how will we benefit?"

- Climate change not a priority Time-poor and impacted by cost-of-living
- ► Hard to reach audience
 Close-knit but also closed-off communities
- ☑ Increasing tribalism / 'us and them' Need to bridge gap between sub-segments
- Loss of traditional jobs / way of life
 Concern over financial and cultural impacts
- Sense of government interference

 Desire to be left alone to 'get on with it'

- ☑ Leaving a legacy / 'temporary custodians' Core concept already embedded in community
- Z Long-term green job opportunities Inward investment from public / private sectors
- ☑ Potential for knowledge-sharing

 Different land managers have v different skillsets
- ☑ Real connection to the landPassion for place could be better harnessed
- ✓ Small numbers, significant impact 75% of the land controlled by <1,000 people

Potential barriers <

are now

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